Periprocedural to 1-year safety and efficacy outcomes with the Pipeline Embolization Device with Shield technology for intracranial aneurysms: A prospective, post-market, multi-center study

SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL

SUPPLEMENTAL TABLES

Supplementary Table I. Subject Inclusion/Exclusion Criteria

Inclusion Criteria	Exclusion Criteria
 Subject provided written informed consent; At least 18 years of age; Subject already selected for flow diversion therapy as the appropriate treatment; Parent vessel with diameter 1.5-5.0 mm distal/proximal to the target IA. 	 Major surgery including endovascular procedures within the past 30 days; Target aneurysm located in the basilar artery; Inappropriate anatomy for endovascular treatment due to severe intracranial vessel tortuosity, stenosis, or a history of intracranial vasospasm not responsive to medical therapy; Stent in place in the parent artery at the target ICAs location; Acutely (within 30 days) ruptured aneurysm with a Hunt and Hess grade ≥ 4; Any known contraindication to PED-Shield as per instructions for use (IFU); The investigator determined that the health of the subject or the validity of the study outcomes may be compromised by the subject's enrollment; Pregnant or breastfeeding women or women who wished to become pregnant during the duration of the study; Enrolled or planning to participate in a potentially confounding drug or device trial during the course of this study, unless pre-approval was obtained from the sponsor (Medtronic Neurovascular); Legal incapacity or evidence that a subject could not understand the purpose and risks of the study or inability to comply fully with study procedures.

Supplementary Table II. Pre-Procedure Summary of Antiplatelet Therapy

Supplementary rable in Fre-Froce	Pre-Procedu	•	Administere	Administer	
Antiplatelet Therapy	1 to 6 Days Pre- Procedure Procedure (N=195)* ≥7 Days Pre- Procedure (N=195)*		d Day of the Procedure (N=195)*	ed Pre- Procedure (N=195)*	
Aspirin ‡	97 (49.7%)	62 (31.8%)	179 (91.8%)	159 (81.5%)	
P2Y12 Inhibitor ‡	112 (57.4%)	62 (31.8%)	190 (97.4%)	174 (89.2%)	
Clopidogrel ‡	105 (53.8%)	57 (29.2%)	167 (85.6%)	162 (83.1%)	
Prasugrel ‡	4 (2.1%)	4 (2.1%)	12 (6.2%)	8 (4.1%)	
Ticagrelor‡	5 (2.6%)	2 (1%)	10 (5.1%)	7 (3.6%)	
Other P2Y12 Inhibitor ‡	3 (1.5%)	0 (0%)	12 (6.2%)	3 (1.5%)	
DAPT†	104 (53.3%)	57 (29.2%)	182 (93.3%)	161 (82.6%)	
Aspirin + Clopidogrel ‡	96 (49.2%)	54 (27.7%)	160 (82.1%)	150 (76.9%)	
Aspirin + Prasugrel ‡	4 (2.1%)	2 (1%)	10 (5.1%)	6 (3.1%)	
Aspirin + Ticagrelor ‡	4 (2.1%)	2 (1%)	8 (4.1%)	6 (3.1%)	
Aspirin + Other P2Y12 Inhibitor ‡	1 (0.5%)	0 (0%)	9 (4.6%)	1 (0.5%)	
Clopidogrel + Other P2Y12 Inhibitor ‡	2 (1%)	0 (0%)	3 (1.5%)	2 (1%)	
Aspirin Monotherapy †	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	
Clopidogrel Monotherapy †	8 (4.1%)	2 (1%)	4 (2.1%)	10 (5.1%)	
Prasugrel Monotherapy †	0 (0%)	2 (1%)	2 (1%)	2 (1%)	
Ticagrelor Monotherapy †	1 (0.5%)	0 (0%)	2 (1%)	1 (0.5%)	
Other P2Y12 Inhibitor Monotherapy †	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	
Triple Anti Platelet Therapy †	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	
No Antiplatelet Therapy †	21 (10.	.8%)	5 (2.6%)	21 (10.8%)	

Data are n (%). DAPT=dual anti platelet therapy

[†]The patient count is mutually exclusive with no other therapy other than the listed therapy.

 $[\]ddagger$ The patient count is independent and only based on the listed therapy.

Supplementary Table III: Procedure Characteristics and Outcomes

Characteristic	Summary (N=204)
Total devices implanted	252
Number of devices implanted per patient	1.1 ± 0.50
Single device	177 (86.8%)
Procedure time (incision to skin closure), min	100.5 ± 92.02
Cumulative fluoroscopy time, min	36.1 ± 27.98
Adjunctive devices	56 (29.8%)
Coiling	38 (18.6%)
Balloon	22 (10.8%)
Complete wall apposition*	190 (93.1%)
Complete neck coverage*	199 (97.5%)
Complete stasis*	22 (10.8%)
Significant stasis*	107 (52.5%)
No disruption of inflow jet*	75 (36.8%)
Complete occlusion*	2 (1.0%)
Residual aneurysm*	202 (99.0%)

Data are n (%) or mean ± standard deviation

Supplementary Table IV. Adverse Events through 1-year Post-Procedure - ITT

Event	Summary (N=204)
Reported AEs	139
Subjects with AEs	90/204 (44.1%)
Serious (n=41)	36/204 (17.6%)
Non-serious (n=98)	71/204 (34.8%)
Device-related neurological events (n=21)	20/204 (9.8%)
CEC-Adjudicated AEs	155
Subjects with AEs	98/204 (48.0%)
Serious (n=58)	44/204 (21.6%)
Device-related (n=19)	17/204 (8.3%)
Procedure-related (n=40)	33/204 (16.2%)
Non-serious (n=97)	74/204 (36.3%)

^{*}per Imaging Core Lab on day 0 post-procedure

Supplementary Table V. CEC Adjudicated Neurological Adverse Events of Interest through 1-year Post-Procedure - ITT

through 1-year Post-Procedure - ITT	D*	A	Dalassa	D 2
Neurological Events of Interest	Peri- Procedure (Day 0)	Acute (Days 1- 30)	Delayed (Days 31- 365)	Days 0- 1-year
Death	0	2 (1.0%)	0	2 (1.0%)
Neurological Death	0	2 (1.0%)	0	2 (1.0%)
Non-Neurological Death	0	0	0	0
Stroke	4 (2.0%)	9 (4.4%)	0	13 (6.4%)
Severity				
Major Stroke	3 (1.5%)	3 (1.5%)	0	6 (2.9%)
Minor Stroke	1 (0.5%)	6 (2.9%)	0	7 (3.4%)
Туре				
Ischemic	2 (1.0%)	8 (3.9%)	0	10 (4.9%)
Ischemic with Hemorrhagic Transformation	1 (0.5%)	0	0	1 (0.5%)
Hemorrhagic	1 (0.5%)	1 (0.5%)	0	2 (1.0%)
Location				
Treated Vascular Territory	4 (2.0%)	9 (4.4%)	0	13 (6.4%)
Non-Treated Vascular Territory	0	0	0	0
Intracranial Hemorrhage (ICH)	4 (2.0%)	5 (2.5%)	0	9 (4.4%)
Туре				
Intracerebral Hemorrhage	3 (1.5%)	3 (1.5%)	0	6 (2.9%)
Intraparenchymal Hemorrhage (IPH)	3 (1.5%)	3 (1.5%)	0	6 (2.9%)
Intraventricular Hemorrhage (IVH)	0	0	0	0
Subarachnoid Hemorrhage (SAH)	1 (0.5%)	2 (1.0%)	0	3 (1.5%)
Subdural Hematoma (SDH)	0	0	0	0
Epidural Hematoma (EDH)	0	0	0	0
Etiology				
Target Aneurysm Rupture	0	2 (1.0%)	0	2 (1.0%)
Non-Target Aneurysm Rupture	0	0	0	0
Hemorrhagic Transformation of ischemic infarct	1 (0.5%)	0	0	1 (0.5%)
Primary SAH Procedural or Traumatic Complication	3 (1.5%)	0	0	3 (1.5%)
Primary IPH	0	3 (1.5%)	0	3 (1.5%)
Primary IVH	0	0	0	0
Transient Ischemic Attack (TIA)	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
Cerebral Infarction	2 (1.0%)	4 (2.0%)	2 (1.0%)	8 (3.9%)
Symptomatic	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
Asymptomatic	2 (1.0%)	3 (1.5%)	2 (1.0%)	7 (3.4%)
Neurological Deficit	2 (1.0%)	4 (2.0%)	0	6 (2.9%)
Transient	0	2 (1.0%)	0	2 (1.0%)
Permanent	2 (1.0%)	2 (1.0%)	0	4 (2.0%)
Target Aneurysm Retreatment	0	1 (0.5%)	3 (1.5%)	4 (2.0%)

Supplementary Table VI. CEC-Adjudicated Device-Related Serious Adverse Events (SAEs) through 1-Year by Preferred Term and Timing of Event – ITT

MedDRA System Organ Class	MedDRA Preferred Term	Peri- Procedure (Day 0)	Acute (Days 1- 30)	Delayed (Days 31- 365)	Days 0- 1-year
Eye disorders	Retinal artery occlusion	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
Lye disorders	Visual impairment	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
	Total	0	2 (1.0%)	0	2 (1.0%)
Injury, poisoning and procedural complications	Vascular procedure complication	1 (0.5%)	0	0	1 (0.5%)
	Total	1 (0.5%)	0	0	1 (0.5%)
	Cerebral artery embolism	1 (0.5%)	0	0	1 (0.5%)
	Cerebral hemorrhage	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
	Cerebral infarction	0	2 (1.0%)	0	2 (1.0%)
	Cerebral microembolism	1 (0.5%)	0	0	1 (0.5%)
Nervous system disorders	Cerebrovascular accident	0	2 (1.0%)	0	2 (1.0%)
	Hemorrhagic stroke	1 (0.5%)	0	0	1 (0.5%)
	Intracranial mass	1 (0.5%)	0	0	1 (0.5%)
	Ischemic cerebral infarction	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
	Ischemic stroke	1 (0.5%)	1 (0.5%)	0	2 (1.0%)
	VI th nerve paralysis	1 (0.5%)	0	0	1 (0.5%)
	Total	6 (2.9%)	7 (3.4%)	0	13 (6.4%)
Surgical and medical procedures	Aneurysm repair	0	0	3 (1.5%)	3 (1.5%)
	Total	0	0	3 (1.5%)	3 (1.5%)
Total		7	9	3	19

Supplementary Table VII. CEC-Adjudicated Procedure-Related (Possible, Probable and Causal assessment) Serious Adverse Events (SAEs) through 1-Year by Preferred Term and Timing of Event – ITT

MedDRA System Organ Class	MedDRA Preferred Term	Peri- Procedure (Day 0)	Acute (Days 1- 30)	Delayed (Days 31- 365)	Days 0- 1-year
Blood and lymphatic system disorders	Hemorrhagic diathesis	1 (0.5%)	0	0	1 (0.5%)
	Total	1 (0.5%)	0	0	1 (0.5%)
Eye disorders	Retinal artery occlusion	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
Eye disorders	Visual impairment	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
	Total	0	2 (1.0%)	0	2 (1.0%)
Gastrointestinal disorders	Retroperitoneal hemorrhage	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
	Total	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
General disorders and administration site conditions	Pyrexia	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
	Total	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
	Hematoma infection	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
Infections and infestations	Infection	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
	Staphylococcal sepsis	0	0	1 (0.5%)	1 (0.5%)
	Total	0	2 (1.0%)	1 (0.5%)	3 (1.5%)
	Subarachnoid hemorrhage	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
Injury, poisoning and	Vascular access site pseudoaneurysm	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
procedural complications	Vascular procedure complication	1 (0.5%)	0	0	1 (0.5%)
	Vascular pseudoaneurysm	0	3 (1.5%)	0	3 (1.5%)
	Total	1 (0.5%)	5 (2.5%)	0	6 (2.9%)
Metabolism and nutrition disorders	Hyponatremia	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
	Total	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
	Cerebral artery embolism	1 (0.5%)	0	0	1 (0.5%)
	Cerebral artery occlusion	1 (0.5%)	0	0	1 (0.5%)
Namena avatam diaandana	Cerebral hemorrhage	0	2 (1.0%)	0	2 (1.0%)
Nervous system disorders	Cerebral infarction	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
	Cerebral microembolism	1 (0.5%)	0	0	1 (0.5%)
	Cerebrovascular accident	0	2 (1.0%)	0	2 (1.0%)

MedDRA System Organ Class	MedDRA Preferred Term	Peri- Procedure (Day 0)	Acute (Days 1- 30)	Delayed (Days 31- 365)	Days 0- 1-year
	Cranial nerve palsies multiple	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
	Dysaesthesia	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
	Hemorrhage intracranial	0	2 (1.0%)	0	2 (1.0%)
	Hemorrhagic stroke	1 (0.5%)	0	0	1 (0.5%)
	Hemorrhagic transformation stroke	1 (0.5%)	0	0	1 (0.5%)
	Ischemic cerebral infarction	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
	Ischemic stroke	2 (1.0%)	1 (0.5%)	0	3 (1.5%)
	Ruptured cerebral aneurysm	1 (0.5%)	0	0	1 (0.5%)
	VI th nerve paralysis	1 (0.5%)	0	0	1 (0.5%)
	Total	9 (4.4%)	11 (5.4%)	0	20 (9.8%)
Respiratory, thoracic and	Laryngospasm	1 (0.5%)	0	0	1 (0.5%)
mediastinal disorders	Pulmonary embolism	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
	Total	1 (0.5%)	1 (0.5%)	0	2 (1.0%)
Surgical and medical procedures	Aneurysm repair	0	0	1 (0.5%)	1 (0.5%)
	Total	0	0	1 (0.5%)	1 (0.5%)
Vascular disorders	Embolism venous	0	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (0.5%)
vascular disorders	Vasospasm	1 (0.5%)	0	0	1 (0.5%)
	Total	1 (0.5%)	1 (0.5%)	0	2 (1.0%)
Total		13	25	2	40